

# Securitised Credit

Why a global dynamic approach can offer better value than European only

For Professional Clients only.

April 2025

## Key points

- ◆ Opportunities in Securitised Credit change regularly, so we invest dynamically in all major Securitised Credit sectors, and do so on a global basis
- ◆ This allows us to allocate to where we see the best opportunities across geographies and sectors, maximise relative value across markets and move seamlessly to where we believe the best opportunities lie
- ◆ We believe Securitised Credit investors focusing on European markets could benefit from dynamically allocating across multiple regions, specifically by including the largest market in the US
- ◆ We consider that the US market can provide better value and more attractive opportunities compared to European investments only
- ◆ Additionally, the Australian Residential Mortgage Backed Securities (RMBS) market has historically been and remains attractive on a risk-adjusted value basis, having the ability to attract a broad range of investment opportunities
- ◆ Adding US and Australian exposure to a concentrated European portfolio, would improve overall diversification and build performance resilience in the portfolio, which would result in more stable and consistent returns over time

## Authors



**Andrew Jackson**

Head of Portfolio Management,  
Securitized Credit



**Paul Mitchell**

Senior Investment Specialist,  
Global, Securitised  
& Sterling Fixed Income

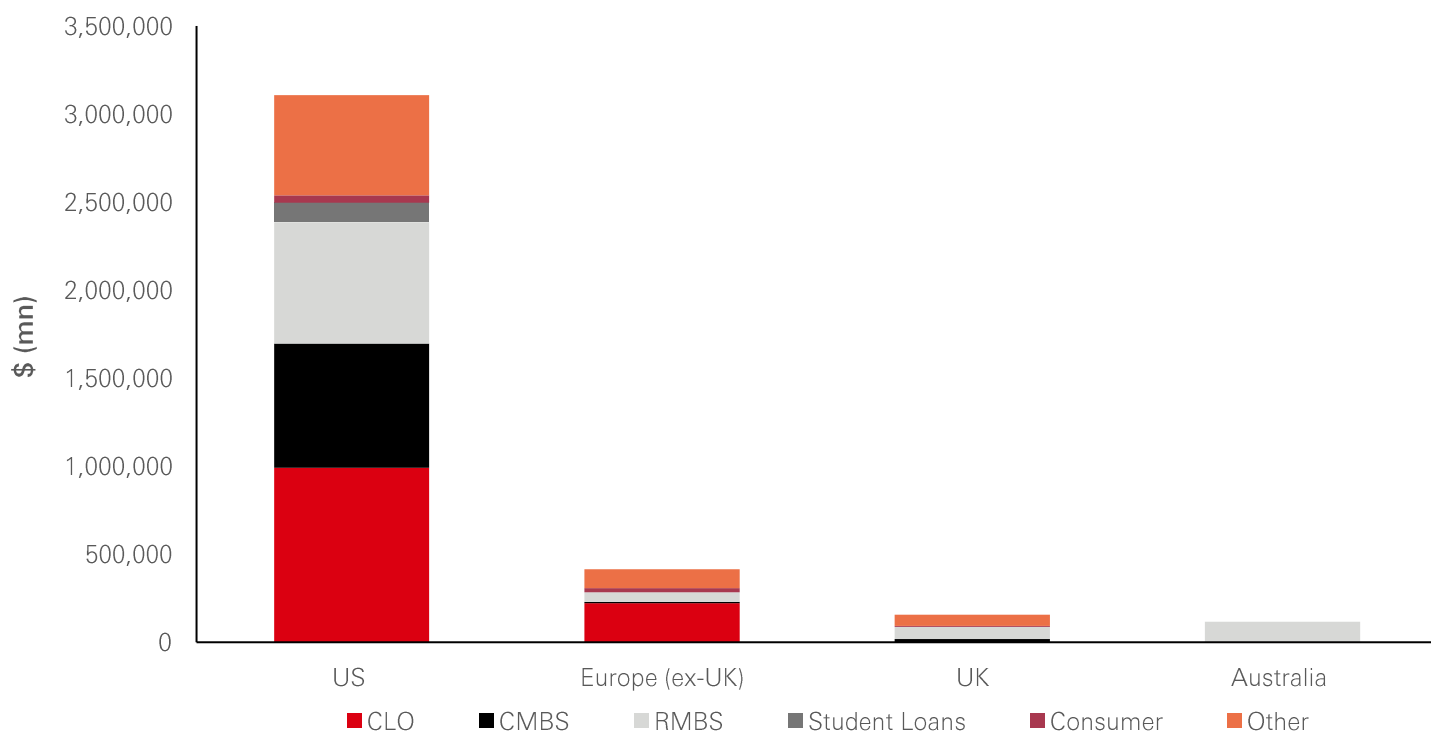


**Jai Lakhani**

Investment Specialist,  
Global, Securitised  
& Sterling Fixed Income

## The size of the US market overshadows Europe and others

- ◆ The global Securitised Credit (distributed) market size is estimated to be USD3.8tn
- ◆ The US and Australia account for around 85% of the distributed market, while Europe and the UK account for approximately 15%
- ◆ The US market is more diversified than Europe with all segments having a significant weight and typically offering better liquidity



Source: HSBC Asset Management; AFME, SIFMA (data updated in March 2025 using latest available SIFMA data as at 28 February 2025); Australian Statistics Bureau; Reserve Bank of Australia and JPMorgan.

## Main benefits of allocating to the US

- ◆ Improved diversification as the US comprises around 70% of the global distributed securitised market (excluding China – whose market is mostly closed to international investors)
- ◆ Access to attractive US only segments such as Single Family Rentals (SFRs) and Credit Risk Transfers (CRTs)
- ◆ The US market is often seen to have more attractive valuations compared to Europe due to the European Central banks market intervention that reduces supply and has artificially depressed spreads on much of the market

## Investment areas where we prefer global markets relative to Europe only

### Residential Mortgage Backed Securities (RMBS)

- ◆ We prefer certain areas of the US versus the European market. In particular, we consider SFRs and CRTs to be attractive
- ◆ This sector remains attractively priced, with good credit enhancement. SFRs provide a diversified exposure to professionally managed pools of high quality homes that are likely to provide stable income, low default rates and high levels of occupancy
- ◆ Additionally, CRTs allow investors the opportunity to get paid a floating-rate coupon in exchange for selling credit protection on agency mortgage loans
- ◆ In contrast, European RMBS is typically too expensive given the risk. We would also highlight that UK RMBS remains attractive. This sector has some of the best protection in Securitised Credit, both in terms of liquidity and credit enhancement
- ◆ Equally, Australian RMBS offers attractive spreads, the asset class performed well in the last crisis and underlying mortgage quality has improved. This space offers a broad range of investment opportunities, due to issuance by large banks and active specialist lenders, which bring a steady flow of Prime and Non-Conforming RMBS deals to our portfolios

## **Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (CMBS)**

- ◆ The investment case is very asset specific while fundamentals remain acceptable subject to post COVID-19 issues / direct impact
- ◆ Overall we are more positive about US versus European assets
- ◆ Importantly, we like certain areas of the US market such as single asset or single borrower (SASB) CMBS, where we are confident about the tenant, property and borrower quality and where we can avoid secondary assets and poorly performing sectors such as Retail and Hotels
- ◆ Additionally, two areas of SASB Office CMBS offer attractive investment opportunities. These are Life Sciences (requires the use of laboratory spaces and experimentation) and Data Centres (in the ever increasing digital world we are in, the storing and utilisation of data is crucial)
- ◆ While traditional retail has gone out of vogue and technology continues to advance, the right kind of retail such as grocery-led out of town supermarket complexes (next to retail stores) continues to see strong demand
- ◆ As retail goods are ordered online, they need to be delivered to the end consumer. Industrial warehouses which store these goods and last mile distribution/logistics CMBS is a key area that has directly benefitted
- ◆ In Europe, fundamentals are largely solid away from Retail and Hotel sectors

## **Collateralised Loan Obligations (CLOs):**

- ◆ In the US, spreads offer significant value especially for well managed deals once extent of loan losses becomes clear. We avoid CLOs with exposure to middle-market loans
- ◆ In Europe, significant price dislocation provides recovery opportunity while we also avoid CLOs with exposure to middle-market loans
- ◆ Typically, we have preferred the US, as this market is more mature, and hence offers better liquidity and underlying loan issuer diversification

## **Regulation: what is the impact on investment opportunities?**

Investors in Securitised Credit based in Europe most often have to comply with the EU securitisation regulations.

- ◆ There are two main issues related to investing outside of the EU:
  1. the risk retention must comply with the EU version (the US regulations are different)
  2. from 2019, EU investors must invest in assets that comply with the EU securitisation reporting standards (note that the reporting templates remain open to some interpretation)

## **How we approach this regulation within our Securitised Credit funds**

Our Luxembourg UCITS strategies have managed around this, such that the impact is reduced.

- ◆ For CMBS, our strategy has been to invest in Single Asset, Single Borrower (SASB) CMBS to avoid exposure to Retail and Hotel sectors
  - These deals are most likely to have EU risk retention and are easiest to comply with EU reporting. We have had success persuading issuers to meet these rules
- ◆ Clearly, there are some CMBS, which fail to meet the EU risk retention, or where the issuers will not produce reporting in the correct format, but we find that we are still able to create a rounded portfolio in the US that complies with EU requirements

- ◆ In terms of CLOs, we invest with institutional backed managers, who have a platform that they are keen to promote
  - This leads to a higher likelihood that they will issue EU risk retention compliant deals
  - We have also been able to convince select CLO managers to report in a format that will meet the EU requirements sufficiently
- ◆ Outside of a fund structure and on a segregated basis, where the mandate does not need to comply with EU securitisation regulations (risk retention and reporting), this will broaden the scope to CLO and CMBS which do not comply. However, our strategy to invest in SASB CMBS of the correct property type and institutional quality managed broadly syndicated CLOs would not change

## Conclusion

Securitised Credit investors focused on European markets, would benefit from incorporating US (and other global markets) exposure to their Securitised Credit allocation for the following key reasons:

- ◆ Potentially better portfolio diversification and access to a deeper, more liquid global market
- ◆ Access to attractive US only Securitised Credit areas, unavailable in Europe such as SFRs, CRTs and Australian RMBS
- ◆ Dynamic allocation between the regions can improve the consistency of long-term returns
- ◆ Access to the global allocation experience of a well-resourced and stable team
- ◆ The team move seamlessly to where they believe the best global opportunities lie

## Important Information

**For Professional Clients and intermediaries within countries and territories set out below; and for Institutional Investors and Financial Advisors in the US. This document should not be distributed to or relied upon by Retail clients/investors.**

**The value of investments and the income from them can go down as well as up and investors may not get back the amount originally invested. The performance figures contained in this document relate to past performance, which should not be seen as an indication of future returns. Future returns will depend, inter alia, on market conditions, investment manager's skill, risk level and fees. Where overseas investments are held the rate of currency exchange may cause the value of such investments to go down as well as up. Investments in emerging markets are by their nature higher risk and potentially more volatile than those inherent in some established markets. Economies in Emerging Markets generally are heavily dependent upon international trade and, accordingly, have been and may continue to be affected adversely by trade barriers, exchange controls, managed adjustments in relative currency values and other protectionist measures imposed or negotiated by the countries and territories with which they trade. These economies also have been and may continue to be affected adversely by economic conditions in the countries and territories in which they trade.**

The contents of this document may not be reproduced or further distributed to any person or entity, whether in whole or in part, for any purpose. All non-authorised reproduction or use of this document will be the responsibility of the user and may lead to legal proceedings. The material contained in this document is for general information purposes only and does not constitute advice or a recommendation to buy or sell investments. Some of the statements contained in this document may be considered forward looking statements which provide current expectations or forecasts of future events. Such forward looking statements are not guarantees of future performance or events and involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those described in such forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. We do not undertake any obligation to update the forward-looking statements contained herein, or to update the reasons why actual results could differ from those projected in the forward-looking statements. This document has no contractual value and is not by any means intended as a solicitation, nor a recommendation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument in any jurisdiction in which such an offer is not lawful. The views and opinions expressed herein are those of HSBC Asset Management at the time of preparation and are subject to change at any time. These views may not necessarily indicate current portfolios' composition. Individual portfolios managed by HSBC Asset Management primarily reflect individual clients' objectives, risk preferences, time horizon, and market liquidity. Foreign and emerging markets. Investments in foreign markets involve risks such as currency rate fluctuations, potential differences in accounting and taxation policies, as well as possible political, economic, and market risks. These risks are heightened for investments in emerging markets which are also subject to greater illiquidity and volatility than developed foreign markets. This commentary is for information purposes only. It is a marketing communication and does not constitute investment advice or a recommendation to any reader of this content to buy or sell investments nor should it be regarded as investment research. It has not been prepared in accordance with legal requirements designed to promote the independence of investment research and is not subject to any prohibition on dealing ahead of its dissemination. This document is not contractually binding nor are we required to provide this to you by any legislative provision.

All data from HSBC Asset Management unless otherwise specified. Any third party information has been obtained from sources we believe to be reliable, but which we have not independently verified.

HSBC Asset Management is the brand name for the asset management business of HSBC Group, which includes the investment activities that may be provided through our local regulated entities. HSBC Asset Management is a group of companies in many countries and territories throughout the world that are engaged in investment advisory and fund management activities, which are ultimately owned by HSBC Holdings Plc. (HSBC Group). The above communication is distributed by the following entities:

- In Australia, this document is issued by HSBC Bank Australia Limited ABN 48 006 434 162, AFSL 232595, for HSBC Global Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited ARBN 132 834 149 and HSBC Global Asset Management (UK) Limited ARBN 633 929 718. This document is for institutional investors only, and is not available for distribution to retail clients (as defined under the Corporations Act). HSBC Global Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited and HSBC Global Asset Management (UK) Limited are exempt from the requirement to hold an Australian financial services license under the Corporations Act in respect of the financial services they provide. HSBC Global Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong under the Hong Kong laws, which differ from Australian laws. HSBC Global Asset Management (UK) Limited is regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority of the United Kingdom and, for the avoidance of doubt, includes the Financial Services Authority of the United Kingdom as it was previously known before 1 April 2013, under the laws of the United Kingdom, which differ from Australian laws;
- in Bermuda by HSBC Global Asset Management (Bermuda) Limited, of 37 Front Street, Hamilton, Bermuda which is licensed to conduct investment business by the Bermuda Monetary Authority;
- in Chile: Operations by HSBC's headquarters or other offices of this bank located abroad are not subject to Chilean inspections or regulations and are not covered by warranty of the Chilean state. Further information may be obtained about the state guarantee to deposits at your bank or on [www.sbif.cl](http://www.sbif.cl);
- in Colombia: HSBC Bank USA NA has an authorized representative by the Superintendencia Financiera de Colombia (SFC) whereby its activities conform to the General Legal Financial System. SFC has not reviewed the information provided to the investor. This document is for the exclusive use of institutional investors in Colombia and is not for public distribution;
- in France, Belgium, Netherlands, Luxembourg, Portugal, Greece, Finland, Norway, Denmark and Sweden by HSBC Global Asset Management (France), a Portfolio Management Company authorised by the French regulatory authority AMF (no. GP99026);
- in Germany by HSBC Global Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH which is regulated by BaFin (German clients) respectively by the Austrian Financial Market Supervision FMA (Austrian clients);
- in Hong Kong by HSBC Global Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited, which is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission. This video/content has not be reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission;
- in India by HSBC Asset Management (India) Pvt Ltd. which is regulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India;



- in Italy and Spain by HSBC Global Asset Management (France), a Portfolio Management Company authorised by the French regulatory authority AMF (no. GP99026) and through the Italian and Spanish branches of HSBC Global Asset Management (France), regulated respectively by Banca d'Italia and Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa (Consob) in Italy, and the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores (CNMV) in Spain;
- in Malta by HSBC Global Asset Management (Malta) Limited which is regulated and licensed to conduct Investment Services by the Malta Financial Services Authority under the Investment Services Act;
- in Mexico by HSBC Global Asset Management (Mexico), SA de CV, Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero HSBC which is regulated by Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores;
- in the United Arab Emirates, Qatar, Bahrain & Kuwait by HSBC Global Asset Management MENA, a unit within HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, U.A.E Branch, PO Box 66 Dubai, UAE, regulated by the Central Bank of the U.A.E. and the Securities and Commodities Authority in the UAE under SCA license number 602004 for the purpose of this promotion and lead regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority. HSBC Bank Middle East Limited is a member of the HSBC Group and HSBC Global Asset Management MENA are marketing the relevant product only in a sub-distributing capacity on a principal-to-principal basis. HSBC Global Asset Management MENA may not be licensed under the laws of the recipient's country of residence and therefore may not be subject to supervision of the local regulator in the recipient's country of residence. One of more of the products and services of the manufacturer may not have been approved by or registered with the local regulator and the assets may be booked outside of the recipient's country of residence.
- in Peru: HSBC Bank USA NA has an authorized representative by the Superintendencia de Banca y Seguros in Perú whereby its activities conform to the General Legal Financial System - Law No. 26702. Funds have not been registered before the Superintendencia del Mercado de Valores (SMV) and are being placed by means of a private offer. SMV has not reviewed the information provided to the investor. This document is for the exclusive use of institutional investors in Perú and is not for public distribution;
- in Singapore by HSBC Global Asset Management (Singapore) Limited, which is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. The content in the document/video has not been reviewed by the Monetary Authority of Singapore;
- In Switzerland by HSBC Global Asset Management (Switzerland) AG. This document is intended for professional investor use only. For opting in and opting out according to FinSA, please refer to our website; if you wish to change your client categorization, please inform us. HSBC Global Asset Management (Switzerland) AG having its registered office at Gartenstrasse 26, PO Box, CH-8002 Zurich has a licence as an asset manager of collective investment schemes and as a representative of foreign collective investment schemes. Disputes regarding legal claims between the Client and HSBC Global Asset Management (Switzerland) AG can be settled by an ombudsman in mediation proceedings. HSBC Global Asset Management (Switzerland) AG is affiliated to the ombudsman FINOS having its registered address at Talstrasse 20, 8001 Zurich. There are general risks associated with financial instruments, please refer to the Swiss Banking Association ("SBA") Brochure "Risks Involved in Trading in Financial Instruments";
- in Taiwan by HSBC Global Asset Management (Taiwan) Limited which is regulated by the Financial Supervisory Commission R.O.C. (Taiwan);
- in Türkiye by HSBC Asset Management A.S. Türkiye (AMTU) which is regulated by Capital Markets Board of Türkiye. Any information here is not intended to distribute in any jurisdiction where AMTU does not have a right to. Any views here should not be perceived as investment advice, product/service offer and/or promise of income. Information given here might not be suitable for all investors and investors should be giving their own independent decisions. The investment information, comments and advice given herein are not part of investment advice activity. Investment advice services are provided by authorized institutions to persons and entities privately by considering their risk and return preferences, whereas the comments and advice included herein are of a general nature. Therefore, they may not fit your financial situation and risk and return preferences. For this reason, making an investment decision only by relying on the information given herein may not give rise to results that fit your expectations.
- in the UK by HSBC Global Asset Management (UK) Limited, which is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority;
- and in the US by HSBC Global Asset Management (USA) Inc. which is an investment adviser registered with the US Securities and Exchange Commission.
- In Uruguay, operations by HSBC's headquarters or other offices of this bank located abroad are not subject to Uruguayan inspections or regulations and are not covered by warranty of the Uruguayan state. Further information may be obtained about the state guarantee to deposits at your bank or on [www.bcu.gub.uy](http://www.bcu.gub.uy).

Copyright © HSBC Global Asset Management Limited 2025. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, on any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of HSBC Global Asset Management Limited.

Content ID: D042821\_v 1.0 Expiry Date: 31.03.2026